

AHHE UNIMED SHAMES OF AMIERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station

Taltereas, There has been presented to the

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED NOVEL VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF DEVELOP YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. IN THE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY (1) SHALL BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF GENERATIONS RECIFIED BY THE OWNER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

* [Waived]

SOYBEAN

'Tracu'

In Lestimony Marcrot, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Variety Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington this twelfth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventy-five

Ausi Kollin

Deant Variety Protection Office

Agricultural Marketing Service

stary of Agriculture

Karl L. But

(DATE)

FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 40-R3712

APPLICATION FOR PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION CERTIFICATE

1. VARIETY NAME OR TEMPORARY 2. KIND NAME			FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY			
DESIGNATION			PVPO NUMBER			
Tracy	Common		1400	<u> </u>		
3. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME	4. FAMILY NAME (Bo		FILING DATE	TIME		
00	Leguminose		2.1.14	5.00 P.M.		
Glycine max	5. DATE OF DETERM	MINATION	\$ 2750	CHARGES		
6. NAME OF APPLICANT(S) Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station (MAFES)	7. ADDRESS (Street a Code) Drawer ES Mississipp	i State, MS 3	1	8. TELEPHONE AREA CODE AND NUMBER		
9. IF THE NAMED APPLICANT IS NOT A PER		10. STATE OF INC	DRPORATION	11. DATE OF INCOR-		
ORGANIZATION: (Corporation, partnership, State experiment station	•	Missi	ssippi	PORATION		
12. Name and mailing address of applica	ant representative(s), if any, to serve	in this application a	nd receive all papers		
Mississippi State, MS 39						
13. CHECK BOX BELOW FOR EACH ATTACH	MENT SUBMITTED:		•			
X 12A. Exhibit A, Origin and Breed	•		ion 52, P.L. 91-577)			
X 128. Exhibit B, Botanical Descr		•				
X 120. Exhibit C, Objective Descri	iption of the Variet	у				
X 12D. Exhibit D, Data Indicative	of Novelty					
X 12E. Exhibit E, Statement of the	Basis of Applicant	's Ownership				
The applicant declares that a viable sa ance of a certificate and will be repler (See Section 52, P.L. 91-577).	nished periodically	in accordance wit	h such regulations as	may be applicable.		
14A. Does the applicant(s) specify that (See Section 83(a), P.L. 91-577) (1	seed of this variety / ''Yes,'' answer 14	be sold by varie <i>AB and 14C below</i>	ty name only as a cla .) XXYES ☐ NO	ss of certified seed?		
14B. Does the applicant(s) specify that	•	14C. If "Yes," to	o 14B, how many gene	erations of production		
limited as to number of generations	s?		derseed? Three (Registered, and			
Applicant is informed that false representation		jeopardize protec	tion and result in per	alties.		
The undersigned applicant(s) of this se uniform, and stable as required in Sect Plant Variety Protection Act (P.L. 91-	ion 41 and is entitle	novel plant variet ed to protection u	y believes that the vander the provisions of	triety is distinct, Section 42 of the		
		Velme .	2 24 (denn 10 1	MAN		

(SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT)

EXHIBIT A

Origin and Breeding History of Tracy Soybean

- 1963 Cross made between the two breeding lines, D61-618 and D60-9647.
- 1963-64 (winter) F₁ plants grown in greenhouse at Stoneville.
- 1964 F₂ population grown in field at Stoneville.
- 1964-65 (winter) Ten seed planted from each F_2 plant in greenhouse and inoculated with race 2 of phytophthora rot. Both parents were resistant to race 1 but differed in reaction to race 2. Susceptible F_2 plants discarded.
- 1965 F₃ lines grown in field on Sharkey clay in a continuous soybean cropping system. Single plant selections made from selected lines on basis of agronomic and disease reaction qualities.
- 1966 F_{Δ} lines grown as above.
- 1967 F_5 lines grown as above. D67-4601 was one of the lines harvested for evaluation in replicated trials.
- 1968 Evaluated in replicated yield trials on two soil types at Stoneville.

 Performance justified advancing to preliminary regional trials.
- 1969 Grown in preliminary regional trials at 8 locations across South.

 Performance justified advance to southwide uniformity trials. Preliminary screening indicated a higher tolerance to 2,4-DB.
- 1970-72 Grown in regional uniformity trials at 32 locations across South. Further evaluations made for tolerance to the herbicide 2,4-DB.
- 1971 Decision made that strain might merit release as a variety. Five hundred single plant progenies grown to initiate production of pure seed. Approximately 500 pounds seed produced.
- 1972 Increase field grown in Mississippi and North Carolina.
- 1973 Seed increased in Mississippi, North Carolina, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas and Louisiana. Name Tracy announced November 1.

EXHIBIT A - ADDENDUM

Origin and Breeding History of Tracy Soybean

- 1. Tracy originated in Mississippi from a hand-pollinated cross between two true breeding lines--D61-618 and D60-9647. The cross was made in 1963. Breeding history is published in Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry publication for December 1973 (Information sheet 1227 attached).
- 2. Pure line selections were made in the F_5 generations based upon uniformity for flowering, maturity, height, flower color, pubescence color, hilum color, reaction to bacterial pustule, and phytophthora rot. Yield tests were conducted first on two soil types at Stoneville and later in regional tests conducted at 30-35 locations across the South. Screening for tolerance to 2,4-DB was done at Stoneville.
- 3. Like all other yellow-seeded varieties having colored hila, mutations may occur giving all-colored seed. Tracy has black hila and mutant types will be black. No estimated frequency can be given for this character. Single plant progenies will be grown at regular intervals to provide breeder seed free of black mutants.
- 4. The ${\rm F}_5$ line D67-4601 was grown in 1967. The strain was uniform at that time and has appeared homogenous in subsequent plantings.

EXHIBIT B

Botanical Description of Tracy Soybean

Tracy is of Group VI maturity, approximately 3 days earlier in maturity than Lee 68. When planted from May 10 to 25 at Stoneville, Mississippi, it will mature about October 13. Tracy has a determinate growth type, white flowers, and brown pubescence. Seed is shiny, yellow with black hila. Plant type is distinctive, differing from other commonly grown varieties in having darker green, more dense foliage.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE GRAIN DIVISION HYATTSVILLE, MARYLAND 20782

EXHIBIT C (Soybean)

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY

INSTRUCTIONS: See Reverse.	SOYBEAN (G	LYCINE MAX)	• •		
Miss. Agricultural & Forest	ry Experiment	Station (MAF	FOR (OFFICIAL USE ONLY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	tate, and ZIP Code)			30/ 7	
Poundation Seed Stocks Box 5267			VARIETY NAME DESIGNATION	OR TEMPORARY	
Miss. State, MS 39762			_ '		· ~
Place the appropriate number that descr	ibes the varietal cha	rooter of ships	Trac	<u>y</u>	
1. SEED SHAPE	·	nacter of this varie	ety in the boxes	below.	
4 1 = SPHERICAL 2 = SPHERICA FLATTEN	L ED 3 = ELONGA	TE 4 = OTHER	(Specily) Spher	ical, slight	lv elona:
2. SEED COAT COLOR:			SHADE:		te
1 = YELLOW 2 = GREEN	3 = BROWN	4 = BLACK	- C		
5 = OTHER (Specify) 3. SEED COAT LUSTER:		- BEACK] 1 = LIGHT	2 = MEDIUM 3	= DARK
TO SEED COM! LUSTER:		4. SEED SIZE	<u> </u>		
2 1 = DULL 2 = SHINY		1 6 GRAMS PE	R 100 SEEDS		
S. HILUM COLOR.		<u> </u>	leu		·
6 1 = BUFF 2 = YELLOW 3 = 1			SHADE:		
6 = BLACK 7 = OTHER (Specify)	BROWN 4 = GRAY	5 = IMPERFECT BLACK	1 = LIGHT	2 = MEDIUM 3	≖ DARK
6. COTYLEDON COLOR:		7 1545157 6175	<u>!</u>		
1 = YELLOW 2 - GREEN	, .	7. LEAFLET SIZE	See Reverse):		
8. LEAFLET SHAPE:		3 1 = SMALL	2 = MEDIU	M 3 = LARGE	
	LANCEOLATE 4=	ELLIPTICAL 5=	OTHER (Specify)	-	
9. LEAF COLOR (See reverse):		<u>-</u>			
3 1 = LIGHT GREEN 2 = MEDIUM C	SPEEN 3 = DARK (GREEN	10. FLOWER COL	-	
11. POD COLOR:				2 = PURPLI R (Specify)	E
[]) ·	LACK	12: POD SET:			 ,
13. PLANT PUBESCENCE COLOR:		2 1 = SCATTER	RED 4 = CON	CENTRATED	
	HER (Specify)		SHADE		·
4 PLANT TYPES (See Reverse):			Z .I = LIGHT	2 = MEDIUM 3 =	DARK 5
<u>,</u>	TERMEDIATE	15. PLANT HABIT:	2		<u> </u>
6. HYPOCOTYL COLOR:		3 = OTHER (S	Pecify)	ETERMINATE	
		17. SEED PROTEIN:			
1 T GREEN 2 = PURPLE	1		= NA		-
	ATURITY GROUP:			 	
97° 97° 9 97 (ess.)	1 = 00 2 :	3 = 1	4 = 11	S = 111	
[8]	6 = IV 7 =	· · · 8 = vı	0 ~		
0. SIZE OF 10 DAY OLD SEEDLING GROWN UND (e.g. 0 2) when size is 9 mm. or less.)	ER CONSTANT LIGHT ((Growth Chamber) AT 2	7 - VII 5 · C (Place	10 = VIII	
	MM. LENGTH			n virst box	
OF SEEDLING 1. DISEASE: (Enter 0 : Not Tested; 1 Susceptible	AC		OF COTYLED	ON	
2 BACTERIAL 1 SOYBEAN 1	DOWNY 2 P	URPLE 0	POD AND		 .
2 FROGEYE 0 STEM 2	РНҮТО П		STEM BLIGHT	KNOT	
	PHTHORA S	TEM ROT	TARGET SPOT	0 BROWN	
	ROT	THER (Specify)			•

REVISED RYS

Data Indicative of Novelty

Tracy is a highly productive variety somewhat higher in protein content and more tolerant to the herbicide 2,4-DB than the variety Lee 68 presently in production. It is resistant to the foliar diseases, bacterial pustule, wildfire, and target spot. Presently 4 races of phytophthora rot have been identified in the United States. Preliminary data indicates that Tracy is the only commercial variety resistant to all 4 races. Seed yield has averaged 6 percent higher than that for Lee 68.

	2,4-DB Tolerance Standard Double Rate Rate		*Protein Content (percent)	*Oil Content (percent)	Phytophthora Rot Races				
					1	2	3	4	
Tracy	39.5	36.2	43.3	20.3	R	R	R	R	
Lee 68	28.8	22.7	41.3	21.8	R	R	R	S	
Pickett 71	35.3	26.8	40.4	22.3	R	R	R	S	
Bragg	28.3	26.4							

^{*3-}year regional average

EXHIBIT E Statement of Applicant's Ownership

The breeder, Edgar E. Hartwig, is a Research Agronomist,
Agriculture Research Service, United States Department of Agriculture, working in cooperation with Delta Branch Station,
Mississippi Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station, Stoneville,
Mississippi. The research which led to the development of the
soybean variety, Tracy, was conducted by the breeder as described
above under an authorized project within the research framework
of the organization described above. The objective of the research
program was the development of a high producing soybean variety
with 2,4-DB tolerance.

EXHIBIT E RIS

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

JUL 1 5 1974

Director James H. Anderson Agricultural and Forestry Experiment Station Mississippi State University P.O. Drawer ES Mississippi State, Mississippi 39762

Dear Dr. Anderson:

Inasmuch as your request of June 20 to Dr. H. O. Graumann for a letter of consent regarding plant variety protection issues reflects on and could set the stage for final policy on jointly developed varieties, it has been determined appropriate for the response to be from the Administrator's office.

Our Department legal staff advises us that USDA policy as to protection of such varieties is expressed in the "inventions" clause in our Cooperative Agreement with the University (see General Provisions, paragraph 17b).

The policy is sufficiently flexible to allow the University to be listed as a sole or joint owner of each Certificate. However, just as you have pointed out, it will be necessary for the University to waive its rights as provided in Chapter 8, Section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act. To accomplish this, the Department would require that the University request the Plant Variety Protection Office to print such a waiver on each Certificate, and it should be worded as follows:

"The right to exclude others from selling, offering for sale, reproducing, importing, or exporting the variety covered by this Certificate, or using it in producing a hybrid or different variety is hereby waived."

Furthermore, if the University elects sole ownership of the Certificates, they must also request the Plant Variety Protection Office to include a printed notice on each Certificate that the variety was developed under joint Department-University funding.

With the understanding that the above stated conditions are agreeable to you and can be met, we give our consent for the University to move ahead in clarifying "Statement of Ownership" in Exhibit E of application Nos. 73058 and 7400062 now pending in the Plant Variety Protection Office.

Sincerely,

Ralph J. McCracken

Raiph J. McCracken Acting Administrator

REVISED RES

Data Indicative of Novelty

Tracy is a highly productive variety somewhat higher in protein content and more tolerant to the herbicide 2,4-DB than the variety Lee 68 presently in production. It is resistant to the foliar diseases, bacterial pustule, wildfire, and target spot. Presently 4 races of phytophthora rot have been identified in the United States. Preliminary data indicates that Tracy is the only commercial variety resistant to all 4 races. Seed yield has averaged 6 percent higher than that for Lee 68.

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	- · •				1	2	3	4	
Tracy	39.5	36.2	43.3	20.3	R	R	R	R	
Lee 68	28.8	22.7	41.3	21.8	R	R	R	S	
Pickett 71	35.3	26.8	40.4	22.3	R	R	R	S	
Bragg	28.3	26.4			•	•			

^{*3-}year regional average

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REVISED Rf5 EXHIBIT D

Data Indicative of Novelty

Tracy is a highly productive variety somewhat higher in protein content and more tolerant to the herbicide 2,4-DB than the variety Lee 68 presently in production. It is resistant to the foliar diseases, bacterial pustule, wildfire, and target spot. Presently 4 races of phytophthora rot have been identified in the United States. Preliminary data indicates that Tracy is the only commercial variety resistant to all 4 races. Seed yield has averaged 6 percent higher than that for Lee 68.

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	<u>.</u>			, ,	1	2	3	4	
Tracy	39.5	36.2	43.3	20.3	R	R	R	R	
Lee 68	28.8	22.7	41.3	21.8	R	R	R	s	
Pickett 71	35.3	26.8	40.4	22.3	R	R	R	s	
Bragg	28.3	26.4							

^{*3-}year regional average

The variety Lee 68 as described above and on Exhibit C, item #23, most closely resembles the variety Tracy with the exceptions as noted.

MISSISSIPPI STATE UNIVERSITY

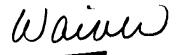


Mississippi Agricultural & Forestry Experiment Station—

THE SECOND SECON

MR.LEESE 12400062

Foundation Seed Stocks Bob Munson, Manager P. O. Box 5267 Mississippi State, Mississippi 39762 Phone (601) 325-4105



12 September 1974

Mr. S. F. Rollin, Commissioner Plant Variety Protection Office Grain Division 6525 Belcrest Road Hyattsville, Maryland 20782

Dear Mr. Rollin:

As an addendum to my letter of yesterday in which we sent a check for the Certificates on Tracy (Ap. no. 7400062) and Forrest (Ap. no. 73058) Soybeans, please note that we wish to have the following waiver printed on the Certificates:

"The right to exclude others from selling, offering for sale, reproducing, importing, or exporting the variety covered by this Certificate, or using it in producing a hybrid or different variety is hereby waived."

Furthermore, the University wishes to have printed on the Certificates that the varieties were developed under joint USDA-Mississippi State University funding.

Thank you for taking care of this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Bob Munson

Research Associate & Manager

FOUNDATION SEED STOCKS

BM:bjc

THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF T

ORM GR-470-2 (REVERSE)

CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY	CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY
Plant shape		Petiale angle	
Leaf shape		Seed size	
Leaf color		Seed shape	
Leef surface		Seedling pigmentation	

23.	GIVE DATA	FOR SUBMITTE	D AND SIMILAI	R STANDARD VARIETY:

	Date o	f was	LODGING	PLANT	LEAF	SIZE		TENT	AVERAGE NO.	
VARIETY	TO MATU	RITY	SCORE	HEIGHT	Width	Length	Protein	Oil	OF PODS PER PLANT	IODINE NO.
Submitted	Oct.	13	2.7	38		_	43.3	20.8%	<u>-</u>	-
Name of similar variety Lee 68	Oct.	16	3.0	34	-		41.3	21.8	_	–

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: The following publications may be used as a reference aid for completing this form:

- 1. Scott, Walter O. and Samuel R. Aldrich, 1970, Modern Soybean Production, The Farmer Quarterly.
- 2. Norman, A. G., 1963, The Soybean: Genetics, Breeding, Physiology, Nutrition, Management.
- 3. McKie, J. W., and K. L. Anderson, 1970, The Soybean Book.

LEAF COLOR: Nickerson's or any recognized color fan may be used to determine the leaf color of the described variety. The following Soybean varieties may be used as a guide to identify the colors listed on the form.

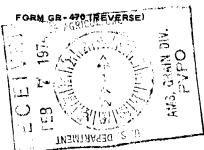
COLOR	VARIETY
Light Green	''Ada''
Medium Green	"Wilkin"
Dark Green	"Swift"

LEAF SIZE: The following varieties may be used as a guide to identify the relative size leaves.

SIŽĒ	VARIETY
Small	''Amsoy''
Medium	"Bonus"
Large	''Anoka''

PLANT TYPE: The following varieties may be used as a guide to identify the plant type.

TYPE	VARIETY
Slender	''Vansoy''
Intermediate	"Wirth"
Bushy	"Adelphia"



INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: Send an original copy of the application, exhibits and \$50.00 fee to U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Consumer and Marketing Service, Grain Division, Hyattsville, Maryland 20782. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the form are self-explanatory unles noted below.

ITEM

- 5 Insert the date the applicant determined that he had a new variety.
- 12a First, give the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method. Second, give the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication. Third, indicate the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified. Fourth, provide evidence on stability.
- 12b First, give any special characteristics of the seed and of the plant as it passes through the seedling stage, flowering stage and the fruiting stage. Second, describe the mature plant and compare it with a similar commercial variety grown under the same conditions, and indicate the differences.
- 12c A supplemental form will be furnished by the PVPO to describe in detail a variety for each kind of seed.
- 12d Provide complete data indicative of novelty. Seed and plant specimens may be submitted and seeds submitted may be sterile. Where possible, include photographs of plant comparisons, chemical tests, etc.
- 12e Indicate whether applicant is the actual breeder, the employer of the breeder, the owner through purchase or inheritance, etc.